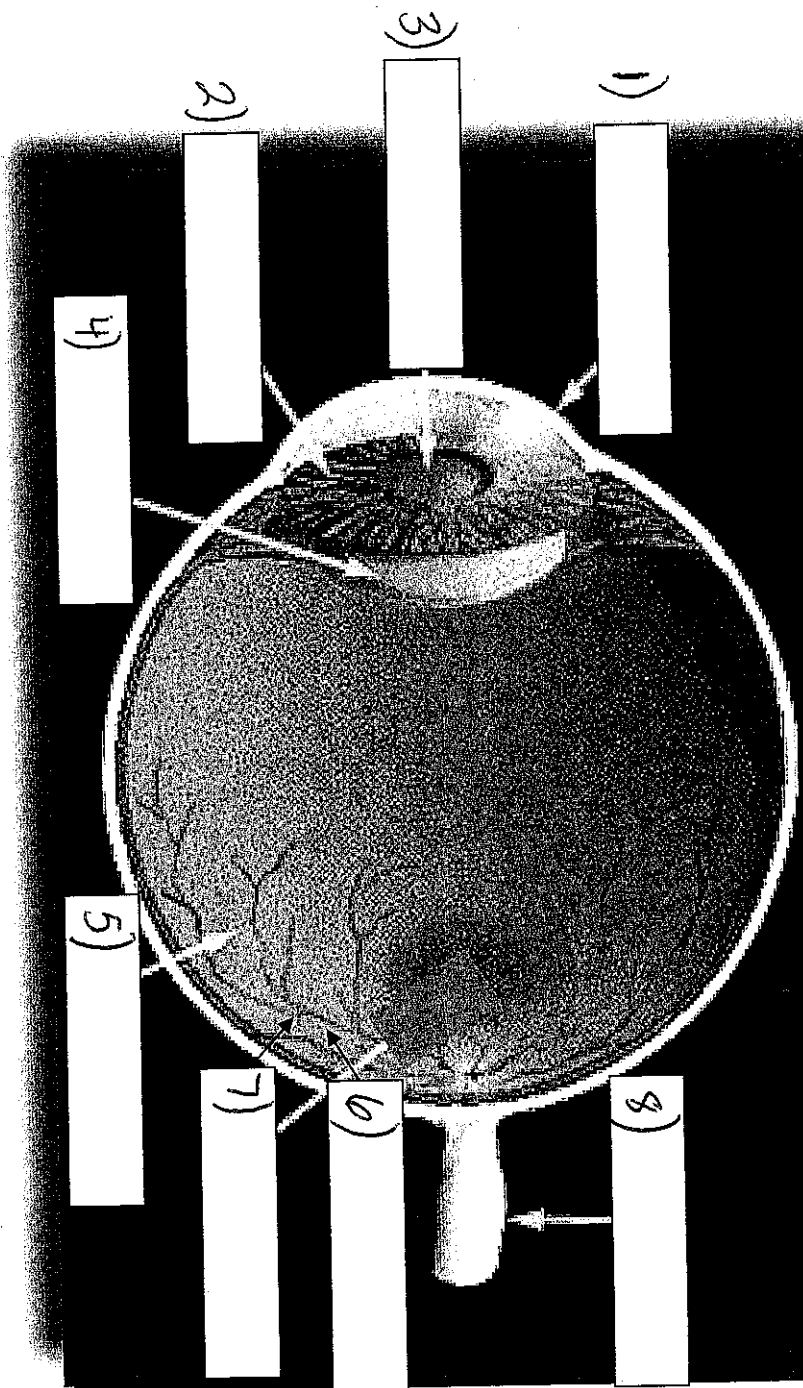


Item # _____

The Eye

Name _____

Anatomy of a Normal Eye



- 1) Cornea – refracts _____; protects; acts like a _____ window
- 2) Iris- _____ part of eye; controls how much _____ goes into pupil
- 3) Pupil- light _____ the eye; black spot/middle of eye
- 4) Lens – focuses _____ waves on the back of the eyeball
- 5) Retina—Reacts to light intensity; holds _____ of cells that are sensitive to light; sends _____ to the brain.
- 6) Rods—sensitive to _____ and _____; can see black and white
- 7) Cones—allows us to see _____
- 8) Optic Nerve – nerve that sends _____ and _____ to the brain