Item #: _____

ASTRONOMY REVIEW

1. The universe is mostly ______. 2. Light, heat, and ultraviolet radiation are types of ______ produced by stars. 3. The most common gaseous element found in stars is ______. 4. Large distances in space make stars appear very _____ 5. in the universe all objects are in motion and moving each other. 6. skip READ 7. Compared to other stars our Sun is an ______ sized star. 8. The planets stay in orbit around the Sun because of ______. 9. Jupiter is a large planet of low density; it is classified as a _____ planet. 10.Solid objects which orbit planets are called ______. 11. The phrase "dirty snowball" could best describe a . 12.Smaller rock particles in the solar system are ______. 13.Impacts of asteroids and meteors on a planet's surf ace will form a ______. 14.All objects in the solar system _____; they rotate and revolve. READ 16. The moon revolves around the Earth once every _____ days. 17. We see the Moon because it reflects light from the _____. 18. Moon phases describe the part of the moon that is ______ to us on Earth. 19. Phases of the Moon occur because the Moon ______ around the Earth. 20. The cycle of Moon phases repeats about once every ______. 21. During the lunar eclipse, the ______ is not visible to observers on Earth. 22. Tides are caused by the gravitational pull of the _____ on the oceans. 23. Refer to the diagram in your packet to answer the following questions: a. Full moon phase is at which position? b. A lunar eclipse should occur at c. More of the Moon becomes visible as it goes from position to d. The arrows indicate the motion called ______. e. The Moon at position 8 is visible during the _____ on Earth.

24. A planet is when it spins on its axis. 25. Planets are ______ when they orbit the Sun. 26. Most stars appear to rise towards the and set towards the 27. Earth rotates once every _____. 28. One Earth revolution around the Sun takes days. READ 34. Seasonal changes on Earth are caused by the ______. 35. The Sun is most direct in New York when the axis leans ______ the Sun. 36. When the Sun is highest in the sky, shadows are ______. 37. When it is summer in the United States, South America has 38. A planet that has no axis tilt would not experience ______ change. 39. Label the statement as W-winter, S-Summer, F/S- Fall and Spring: a. Equinox season _____ f. longest daylight hours in NY ____ b. Sun is lowest in sky in NY _____ g. December 21st _____ c. In NY, the Sun is most direct _____ h. Earth's axis tilt towards Sun ____ d. Longest shadow in NY _____ i. North Pole has 24 hrs of daylight e. 12 hours of daylight in NY 40. Using the diagram from your Review packet answer the following: a. The season in the Northern Hemisphere would be . b. The North Pole would have ______ hours daylight. c. The Sun is the highest in the sky for the ______ Hemisphere. d. Longest daylight hours will occur in the Hemisphere. e. Position A will have ______ season. f. The South Pole will have ______ hours of daylight. g. The latitude of position B is _____. **Chapter Review Section**

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